

GLOSSARY

Exhibit	A document or item produced in court for the purpose of becoming part of the evidence in a proceeding.
Filing of documents	The process of the Court accepting a document or documents lodged by a party to a proceeding.
First Instance	A proceeding heard in the Court's original jurisdiction.
Full Court	Three or more judges sitting together to hear a proceeding.
Hearing	That part of a proceeding where the parties present evidence and submissions to the Court.
Interlocutory Application	Interlocutory proceedings are for dealing with a specific issue in a matter – usually between the filing of the application and the giving of the final hearing and decision. In the Federal Court interlocutory issues are usually brought before the Court by a 'notice of motion' or an 'interlocutory process'. An interlocutory application may be for interim relief (such as an injunction) or in relation to a procedural step (such as discovery).
Judgment	The final order or set of orders made by the Court after a hearing, often accompanied by reasons which set out the facts and law applied in the case. A judgment is said to be 'reserved' when the Court postpones the delivery of the judgment to a later date to allow time to consider the evidence and submissions. A judgment is said to be 'ex tempore' when the Court gives the judgment orally at the hearing or soon after.
Jurisdiction	The extent of legal authority or power of the Court to apply the law. The Federal Court has jurisdiction under more than 150 Acts of the Commonwealth Parliament and has original and appellate jurisdiction.
Litigants	Individuals, organisations or companies who/which are the parties to a proceeding before the Court.
Mediation or Assisted Dispute Resolution	A process in which an impartial third party (the mediator) assists the parties in an attempt to bring about an agreed settlement or compromise, without requiring a decision of the Court.
Notice of Motion	The document filed by a party to an existing proceeding which asks the Court to make orders that were not included in the original application.
Original Jurisdiction	The authority or legal power of the Court to hear a case in the first instance.
Parties	People involved in a court case. Applicants, appellants, respondents, defendants, are generally called 'parties'.

Practice Notes and Administrative Notices	The Court publishes Practice Notes and Administrative Notices. Practice Notes are issued by the Chief Justice on advice of the judges of the Court. Administrative Notices are issued by each District Registrar at the request, or with the agreement, of the judges in the District Registry to which the notice relates.
Practice Notes	Provide guidance on practice and procedure required or followed by the Court nationally to supplement what might be contained in statutes or the Court's Rules.
Administrative Notices	Provide guidance on practice and procedure required or followed by the Court in the District Registry to which the notice relates to supplement what might be contained in statutes or the Court's Rules.
Proceeding	The regular and orderly progression of a lawsuit, including all acts and events between the time of commencement and the judgment.
Regulations	The Federal Court of Australia Regulations 2004 which prescribe the filing and other fees that must be paid in relation to proceedings in the Federal Court.
Respondent	The individual, organisation or corporation against whom/which legal proceedings are commenced. Also known as a 'defendant' in admiralty and corporations matters and in some courts. In an appeal it is the party who/which did not commence the appeal.
Rules	Rules made by the judges which set out the procedures for conducting a proceeding. The current rules of the Federal Court are the Federal Court Rules, <i>Federal Court (Corporations) Rules 2000</i> (for proceedings under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>) and <i>Federal Court (Bankruptcy) Rules 2005</i> (for proceedings under the <i>Bankruptcy Act 1966</i>).
Self Represented Litigant	A party to a proceeding who does not have legal representation and who is conducting the proceeding on his or her own behalf.